

**Appendix**  
**Emergency Care Journal #8256**  
**Cyanide intoxication by apricot kernels: A case report and literature review**

**Appendix Table 1. Summary of case reports of cyanide poisoning after apricot kernel ingestion [to be continued on the next page].**

Reference	Location	Age-Gender	Time of symptoms after ingestion	Amount of ingested apricot kernels	Cyanide levels	Signs and symptoms	Laboratory tests	Intervention	Mechanical ventilation/hospital stay/outcome
Rubino and Davidoff <sup>16</sup> (1979)	USA	49 y/F	30 min	20-40	3.2 mg/L (on admission) (levels higher than 1mg/L are highly toxic)	Headache, weakness, nausea, vomiting, disorientation	No specific abnormality	Cyanide antidote package *Inhalation of amyl nitrite *i.v sodium nitrite *i.v sodium thiosulfate	*No mechanical ventilation *3 days hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Suchard <i>et al.</i> <sup>12</sup> (1998)	USA	41 y/F	20 min	30 (estimated total, 15 g)	43 µmol/L (normal range <15.8 µmol/L)	Numbness, generalized weakness, dyspnea, difficulty swallowing, Unconsciousness, diaphoresis, hypothermia, tachypnea	Hyperglycemia Metabolic acidosis	Oxygen Activated charcoal Cyanide antidote package (Eli-Lilly) *inhalation of amyl nitrite *i.v sodium nitrite *i.v sodium thiosulfate	*No mechanical ventilation *1 day hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Cigolini <i>et al.</i> <sup>17</sup> (2011)	Italy	35 y/F	70 min	20-30 (estimated total, 10-15 g)	Not measured	Headache, nausea, dyspnea, hypotension, tachycardia, tachypnea, hypoxemia	High anion gap metabolic acidosis	Oxygen, gastric lavage, Activated charcoal, Inhalation of amyl nitrite, i.v sodium thiosulfate, Hydroxocobalamin (Cyanokit)	*No mechanical ventilation *1 day hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Sauer <i>et al.</i> <sup>18</sup> (2015)	Germany	4 y/M	N/D	5-10 apricot kernels and oral vitamin B17 pills	515 µg/L (normal range <50 µg/L, toxic >200 µg/L)	Coma, agitation, encephalopathy	Hyperglycemia Severe metabolic and lactic acidosis	Fluid resuscitation Oxygen Sodium thiosulfate	*No mechanical ventilation *3 days hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae

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Reference	Location	Age-Gender	Time of symptoms after ingestion	Amount of ingested apricot kernels	Cyanide levels	Signs and symptoms	Laboratory tests	Intervention	Outcome
Vlad <i>et al.</i> <sup>19</sup> (2015)	Australia	39 y/F	N/D	Quarter of a teaspoon of apricot kernels	N/D	Weakness, vomiting, coma, seizures, status epilepticus, hypothermia, tachycardia	Hyperglycemia  Severe metabolic and lactic acidosis	Supportive measures,  Mechanical ventilation for 24 hours  No specific treatment	*Mechanical ventilation (+) *Hospital stay (N/D) *Survived with no sequelae
Akıl <i>et al.</i> <sup>20</sup> (2013)	Turkey	3 y/F	60 min	8-12	N/D	Vomiting, coma, lethargy, unconsciousness	No specific abnormality	Activated charcoal, Lactulose, Hydroxocobalamin (Cyanokit)	*No mechanical ventilation *2 days hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Sahin <sup>21</sup> (2011)	Turkey	28 mo/F	15 min	10	>3 mg/L (at 4 <sup>th</sup> hour of admission)	Headache, dizziness, unconsciousness, seizures, miosis with negative lihgt reflex	Hyperglycemia Severe metabolic and lactic acidosis	Gastric lavage, Supportive measures, Mechanical ventilation, Dicobalt edetate (Kelocyanor)	*Mechanical ventilation (+) *22 days hospital stay *Died on 22 <sup>th</sup> day
Unal <i>et al.</i> <sup>22</sup> (2016)	Turkey	3.5 y/M	45 min	N/D	>2 mg/dL	Fainting, muscle contractions, dyspnea, abdominal pain, seizures, coma, bradycardia, hypotension	-Severe metabolic and lactic acidosis, -hypoglycemia -Elevated liver enzymes, creatinin kinase and lactate dehydrogenase, -positive MRI findings	Activated charcoal, Cardiopulmonary support, multipl anticonvulsants, Mechanical ventilation, Cyanide antidote kit	*Mechanical ventilation (+) *12 days hospital stay *cardiac arrest two times in the first day, *survived with neurologic sequelae

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Reference	Location	Age-Gender	Time of symptoms after ingestion	Amount of ingested apricot kernels	Cyanide levels	Signs and symptoms	Laboratory tests	Intervention	Outcome
Ozcan <i>et al.</i> <sup>23</sup> (2017)	Turkey	29 mo/F	30 min	5-6	N/D	Unconsciousness, vomiting	No specific abnormality	Oxygen, activated charcoal, No specific treatment	*No mechanical ventilation *Hospital stay (N/D) *Survived with no sequelae
Dogan <i>et al.</i> <sup>24</sup> (2006)	Turkey	3.5 y/F	N/D	A lot of apricot, appricot kernels and plum	N/D	Fever, seizures, lethargy, agitation, vomiting, increased deep tendon reflexes, unconsciousness	positive MRI findings	Gastric lavage, activated charcoal, multipl anticonvulsants, Mechanical ventilation, Hydroxocobalamin	*Mechanical ventilation (+) *21 days hospital stay * survived with neurologic sequelae
Sen <i>et al.</i> <sup>25</sup> (2009)	Turkey	2.5 y/F	30 min	20	N/D	Unconsciousness, muscle weakness, seizures, hypothermia, coma, cardiovascular collaps,	Hyperglycemia Severe metabolic and lactic acidosis Leucocytosis	Oxygen, gastric lavage, bicarbonate, crystalloids, inotropes, No specific treatment	*No mechanical ventilation *2 days hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Kaya <i>et al.</i> <sup>26</sup> (2012)	Turkey	2 y and 3 mo/M	1 hour	A lot of arpicot kernels	N/D	Vomiting, lethargy, unconsciousness, apnea, hypothermia	Severe metabolic acidosis, hyponatremia	Oxygen, activated charcoal, bicarbonate, hydroxocobalamin, mechanical ventilation	*Mechanical ventilation (+) *2 days hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Saz <i>et al.</i> <sup>27</sup> (2009)	Turkey	3.5 y/M	15 min	15-20	N/D	Hypoventilation, apnea, cardiovascular collaps, hypotension, coma	Hyperglycemia Severe metabolic and lactic acidosis	Oxygen, gastric lavage, activated charcoal, bicarbonate, inotropes, mechanical ventilation (16h), cyanide antidote package, hydroxocobalamin	Mechanical ventilation (+) *3 days hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae

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Reference	Location	Age-Gender	Time of symptoms after ingestion	Amount of ingested apricot kernels	Cyanide levels	Signs and symptoms	Laboratory tests	Intervention	Outcome
Tatli <i>et al.</i> <sup>28</sup> (2017)	Turkey	60 y/ F	<3 hours	10-15	1639 µg/L (>50 µg/L is toxic)	Vomiting, headache, unconsciousness, hypothermia	Slight metabolic acidosis	Dicobalt edetate (Kelocyanor)	*No mechanical ventilation *1 day hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Tanriverdi <i>et al.</i> <sup>29</sup> (2014)	Turkey	4 y/M	30 min	A lot of apricot kernels	N/D	Unconsciousness, elevated capillary refill time	No specific abnormality	Gastric lavage, activated charcoal, oxygen  No specific treatment	*No mechanical ventilation *3 days hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Ozkan <i>et al.</i> <sup>30</sup> (2013)	Turkey	2.5 y/F	2 hours	4-5	N/D	Vomiting, lethargy	No specific abnormality	Oxygen  No specific treatment	*No mechanical ventilation *1 day hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae
Ozkan <i>et al.</i> <sup>30</sup> (2013)	Turkey	4 y/F	2 hours	4-5	N/D	Vomiting	No specific abnormality	No specific treatment	*No mechanical ventilation *1 day hospital stay *Survived with no sequelae

**Appendix Table 2. Clinical presentation of acute cyanide poisoning after oral exposure of cyanogenic glycosides.**

<b>Systems affected by cyanide</b>	<b>Symptoms and clinical findings</b>
<b>Respiratory</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>deep and rapid breathing</i></li> <li>-<i>shortness of breath</i></li> <li>-<i>tachypnea</i></li> <li>-<i>dyspnea</i></li> <li>-<i>apnea</i></li> <li>-<i>acute respiratory distress syndrome</i></li> <li>-<i>arteriolization of the central venous blood and narrowed arteriovenous oxygen differential</i></li> <li>-<i>absence of cyanosis</i></li> </ul>
<b>Cardiovascular</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>weak pulses</i></li> <li>-<i>inaudible heart sounds</i></li> <li>-<i>hypotension</i></li> <li>-<i>tachycardia/bradycardia</i></li> <li>-<i>dysrhythmia</i></li> <li>-<i>cardiovascular collapse, shock</i></li> <li>-<i>asystole</i></li> </ul>
<b>Gastrointestinal</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>nausea</i></li> <li>-<i>vomiting</i></li> <li>-<i>abdominal pain</i></li> </ul>
<b>Musculoskeletal</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>muscular rigidity</i></li> <li>-<i>generalized weakness</i></li> <li>-<i>malaise</i></li> </ul>
<b>Hepatic</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>hepatotoxicity</i></li> </ul>
<b>Metabolic</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>metabolic acidosis</i></li> <li>-<i>lactic acidosis</i></li> <li>-<i>elevated lactate/pyruvate ratio</i></li> </ul>
<b>Neurologic</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>headache</i></li> <li>-<i>agitation</i></li> <li>-<i>dizziness</i></li> <li>-<i>lethargy</i></li> <li>-<i>confusion</i></li> <li>-<i>coma</i></li> <li>-<i>seizures</i></li> <li>-<i>acute hypoxic/ischemic changes in cerebellum, basal ganglia, hypothalamus and deep cortical layers</i></li> <li>-<i>positive Babinski's sign</i></li> <li>-<i>neurologic sequelae</i></li> </ul>
<b>Other</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-<i>bitter almond breath</i></li> <li>-<i>death</i></li> </ul>

**Appendix Table 3. Management of acute cyanide poisoning after oral ingestion.**

<b>Decontamination</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>*do not induce emesis</li><li>*gastric lavage and activated charcoal (most effective if performed in the first hour)</li><li>*isolate emesis because of hydrogen cyanide content</li></ul>
<b>Basic and advanced life support</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>*establish ABCs (airway, breathing, circulation)</li><li>*establish intravenous access.</li><li>*100% oxygen</li><li>*start advanced life support if cardiopulmonary collapse occurs</li><li>*intubation and mechanical ventilation if needed</li><li>*do not perform mouth to mouth resuscitation</li><li>*sodium bicarbonate for metabolic acidosis</li></ul>
<b>Antidotal therapy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>*Cyanide antidote kit (CAK) (no longer available)<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>-amyl nitrite</li><li>-sodium nitrite</li><li>-sodium thiosulfate</li></ul></li><li>*Sodium nitrite and sodium thiosulfate (Nithiodote)</li><li>*Sodium thiosulfate</li><li>*Hydroxocobalamin (Cyanokit®)</li><li>*Dicobalt EDTA (Kelocyanor®)</li></ul>
<b>Supportive care</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>*transport to intensive care unit</li><li>*cardiac and respiratory monitoring</li><li>*laboratory investigations, including arterial and venous blood gas analysis, serum lactate levels, complete blood count, serum cyanide levels</li><li>*management of dysrhythmias</li><li>*management of seizures</li></ul>