Online Supplementary Materials

Section 1

MEDLINE (Ovid) search strategy

- 1. exp Patient simulation/
- 2. exp High Fidelity Simulation Training/
- 3. exp Simulation Training/
- 4. exp virtual reality/
- 5. exp augmented reality/
- 6. simula*.ti,ab.
- 7. simulation. ti,ab.
- 8. virtual reality .ti,ab
- 9. augmented reality .ti,ab
- 10. (1 OR 2 OR 3 OR 4 OR 5 OR 6 OR 7 OR 8 OR 9)
- 11. exp COVID-19/
- 12. exp SARS-CoV-2/
- 13. severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 .ti,ab
- 14. ncov .it,ab
- 15. COVID-19 .ti,ab
- 16. SARS-CoV-2 .ti,ab
- 17. coronavirus .ti,ab
- 18. (11 OR 12 OR 13 OR 14 OR 15 OR 16 OR 17)
- 19. 10 AND 18

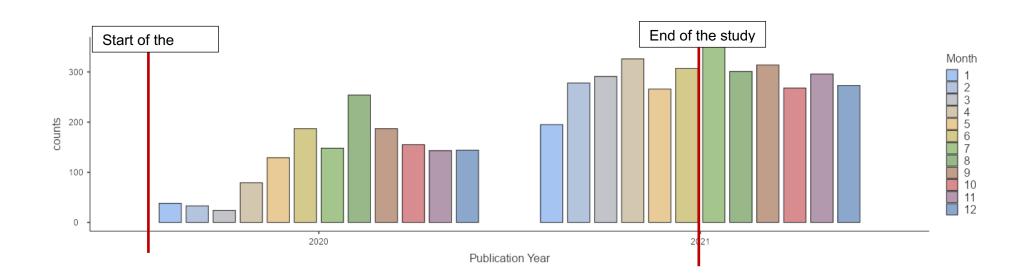
Database	Number of records (30/06/2021)				
Embase via OVID	3137				
MEDLINE via OVID	1697				
MEDLINE via PubMed	3605				
Scopus	346				
CINAHL/EBSCO	780				
Science Citation Index Expanded (WoS)	1691				
Conference Proceedings Citation Index (WoS)	33				
EBM Reviews - Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews	3				
EBM Reviews - ACP Journal Club	0				
EBM Reviews - Cochrane Clinical Answers	0				
EBM Reviews - Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials	83				
EBM Reviews - Cochrane Methodology Register	0				
EBM Reviews - NHS Economic Evaluation Database	0				

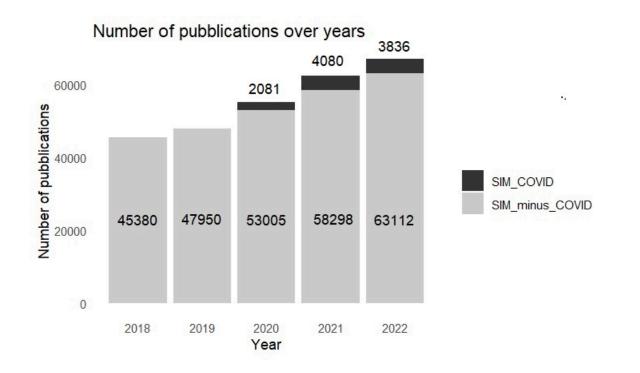
Database	Number of records (30/06/2021)
	11375

Section 2

The figure shows the number of records identified exclusively with PubMed with the search strategy used for this review. The search period is for January 2020 through December 2021 with monthly breakdown. As the figure shows between January 2020 and June 2021, 3184 articles were identified, and between July 2021 and December 2021, 1804 articles were identified. Note the growth in the number of publications making it impossible to update the review before publication

	Month											
Publication Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2020	38	33	24	79	129	187	148	254	187	155	143	144
2021	195	278	291	326	266	307	352	301	314	268	296	273





The figure shows the number of publications identified with PubMed: the number of publications identified exclusively with the first part of the bibliographic search string is shown in light grey, excluding those pertaining to covid. The publications identified with the search string used in this scoping review are shown in black. In this figure the number of publications regarding simulation has grown over the years but in the pandemic years the increase was greater.

Section 3.

Table 1s. Characteristics of included studies: year of publication. types of study. % (n/422) n Year of Publication 2020 205 48.6 % 2021 (until 30th June) 217 51.4 % Type of study 177 41.9% Observational study Opinion/Letter 69 16.4 % Others 47 11.1 % RCT 5.9% 25 17.1 % Scenario 72 3.8 % Survey 16 3.8 % Systematic review/Review 16

Table 2s. Country of included studies.						
Country	n	% (n/N)	Income group ¹			
United States	176	41.7%	High income			
United Kingdom	59	14.0%	High income			
Canada	32	7.6%	High income			
Australia	17	4.0%	High income			
China	13	3.1%	Upper middle income			
India	12	2.8%	Lower middle income			
Germany	9	2.1%	High income			
Singapore	8	1.9%	High income			
Japan	7	1.7%	High income			
Spain	7	1.7%	High income			
Italy	6	1.4%	High income			
France	5	1.2%	High income			
Saudi Arabia	5	1.2%	High income			
Iran	5	1.2%	Lower middle income			
Israel	4	0.9%	High income			
Austria	4	0.9%	High income			
Malaysia	4	0.9%	Upper middle income			
Germany	4	0.9%	High income			
Poland	3	0.7%	High income			
Korea	3	0.7%	High income			
Singapore	3	0.7%	High income			
Greece	2	0.5%	High income			
Turkey	2	0.5%	Upper middle income			
Mexico	2	0.5%	Upper middle income			
Lebanon	2	0.5%	Lower middle income			
England	2	0.5%	High income			
Israel	2	0.5%	High income			
Portugal	1	0.2%	High income			
Thailand	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
Chile	1	0.2%	High income			
Argentina	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
Norway	1	0.2%	High income			
Guatemala	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
Brazil	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
Nepal	1	0.2%	Lower middle income			
Pakistan	1	0.2%	Lower middle income			
Dominican Republic	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
Belgium	1	0.2%	High income			
Sweden	1	0.2%	High income			
Republic of Singapore	1	0.2%	High income			
Colombia	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
Israel	1	0.2%	High income			
Indonesia	1	0.2%	Lower middle income			
Peru	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
Latvia	1	0.2%	High income			
Thailand	1		•			
Poland	1	0.2%	Upper middle income			
New Zealand	1	0.2%	High income			
New Zealand South Africa	1	0.2%	High income			
Not Available	2	0.2% 0.5%	Upper middle income			
INOT AVAIIADIC	422	0.370				

⁴²²

¹ «World Bank Country and Lending Groups – World Bank Data Help Desk».